

#### Features:

- 1550nm cooled EML Transmitter
   High sensitivity APD Receiver
- Distance up to 80km
- Single 3.3V Power supply and LVTTL Logic Interface
- Duplex LC Connector Interface
   Hot Pluggable
- Dispersion Tolerance 1600ps/nm
- Operating Case Temperature

Standard: 0°C~+70°C

- Compliant with SFF-8431 MSA
- Compliant with SFF-8432 MSA
- Compliant with SFF-8472 MSA

### Applications

- 10GBASE-ZR/ZW
- 10G Fiber channal
- Other Optical Links

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

**Table 1- Absolue Maximum Rating** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	-	85	°C	
Supply Voltage	Vcc5	-0.5	-	4.0	V	
Operating Humidity	RH	-	-	+85	%	



### Recommended Operating Conditions

**Table 2- Recommended operating Conditions** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	Тор	0	1	70	°C	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC	-	-	450	mA	
Power Dissipation	PD	-		1.5	W	
Data Rate	BR	9.95		11.3	Gbps	
Transmission Distance	TD	400000		80000	m	

#### Electrical Characteristics

**Table 3- Electrical Characteristics** 

Transmitter								
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Notes		
Differential Data Input swing	Vin,p-p	mVpp	150	-	1200			
Input Differential impedance	Zin	Ω	85	100	115			
Ty Disable D Dayun/DCT	VIL	V	0		0.8			
Tx_Disable,P_Down/RST	VIH	V	2.0	-	Vcc+0.3			
	Recei	ver						
Differential Data Output	Vout,p-p	mVpp	350		700			
Output Differential impedance	Zin	Ω	85	100	115			
Output Rise Time,20%-80%	Tr	Ps	24					
Output Fall Time,20%-80%	Tf	Ps	24					
Dry Log Mod ND Interment	VoL	V	0		0.4			
Rx_Los,Mod_NR,Interrupt	VoH	V	Vcc-0.5		Vcc+0.3			

#### Transmitter Performance :

**Table 4- optical TX Characteristics** 

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Tx_Fault	Normal Operation	VOL	-0.3	-	0.4	V	



	Transmitter Fault	VOH	2.4	-	Vcc	V	
	Laser Disable	VIH	2.0	1	VCC+0.3	V	
Average Laund	ch Optical Power	Pout	0	1	+4	dBm	1
Extinct	tion Ratio	ER	9.0	1	-	dB	2
Average Launch power of OFF TX		Poff	1	1	-30	dBm	1
Optical Wavelength		λ	1530	1	1565	nm	
Dispersion penalty@9.95/10.7Gpbs		DP1	1	1	2	dB	2
Dispersion penalty@11.1/11.3Gpbs		DP2	-	-	3	dB	3
Side Mode Suppression Ratio		SMSR	35	-		dB	

### Receiver Performance :

**Table 5- optical RX Characteristics** 

Paramete	Parameter		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Receiver Sensitivity @9.95Gpbs/10.7Gpbs		1	-	-24	dBm	2
Receiver Sensitivity @11.1Gpbs/11.3Gpbs		PIN_SENS2	ı	-	-23	dBm	3
Overload		PIN_OL	-7.0	-		dBm	3
Optical Center Wavelength		λC	1260	-	1600	nm	
Los Assert		LOSA	-35	-	1	dBm	
Los De-assert		LOSD	ı	-	-25	dBm	
Los hysteresis		LOSH	0.5	-		dВ	
D <sub>w</sub> LOS	High		2.0		Vcc+0.3	V	
Rx_LOS	Low		0		0.8	V	

#### Note:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. Measured with a PRBS 231-1 test pattern @9.95Gbps.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 231-1 test pattern , @11.1Gbps. BER≤10-12.



### Recommended Host Board Power Supply Circuit

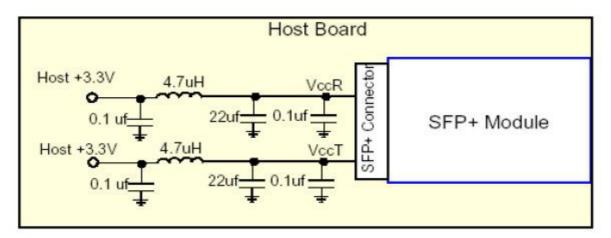


Figure 1, Recommended Host Board Power Supply Circuit



### Recommended interface Circuit

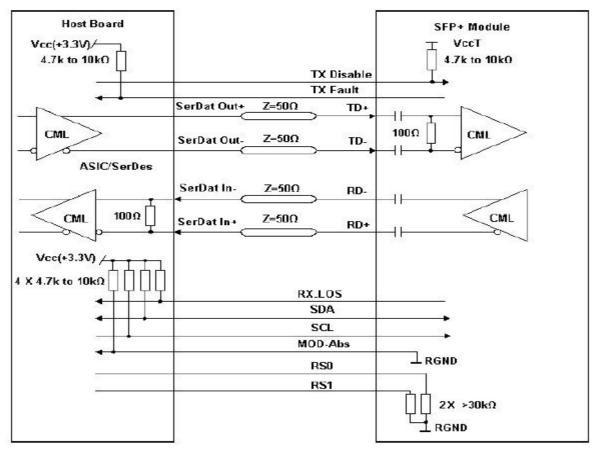


Figure 2, Recommended Interface Circuit



## Pin arrangement

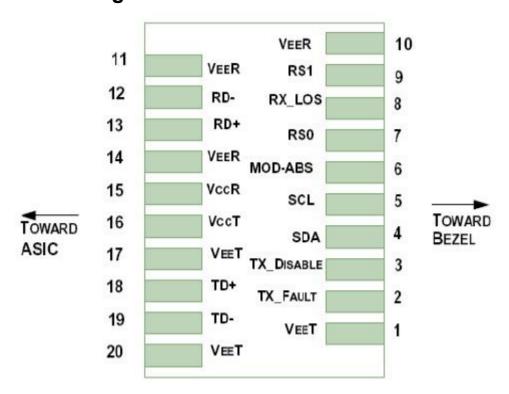


Figure 3, Pin View

**Table 6-Pin Function Definitions** 

Pin	Name	FUNCTION	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2, Module disables on high or open
4	SDA	Module Definition 2	3	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line.
5	SCL	Module Definition 1	3	2-wire Serial Interface Clock.
6	MOD_ABS	Module Definition 0	3	Note 3
7	RS0	RX Rate Select (LVTTL).	3	Rate Select 0, optionally controls SFP+ module receiver. This pin is pulled low to VeeT with a >30K resistor
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4



9	RS1	TX Rate Select (LVTTL).	1	Rate Select 1, optionally controls SFP+ module transmitter. This pin is pulled low to VeeT with a >30K resistor.
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 6
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 6
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	$3.3 \pm 5\%$ , Note 7
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	$3.3 \pm 5\%$ , Note 7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5

#### Note:

- TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistoron
  the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser
  fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <
  0.8V.</li>
- 2. TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7K 10~K\Omega$  resistor. Its states are: Low (0 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined High (2.0 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled
- 3. Module Absent, connected to VeeT or VeeR in the module.
- 4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/ R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.</p>
- 5. The module signal ground contacts, VeeR and VeeT, should be isolated from the module case.
- 6. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 350 and 700 mV differential (175 –350 mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP+ connector pin. Maximum supply current is 725mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP+ input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP+ transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP+ transceiver module.
- TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 150 1200 mV (75 600mV single-ended).



#### Mechanical Dimension :

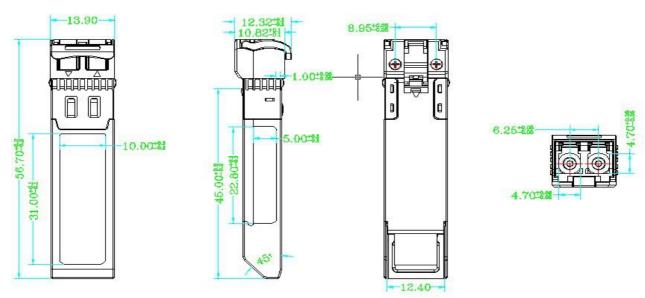


Figure 4, mechanical dimension

### Order Information and Related Products:

**Table 7-order information** 

Part Number	Product Description			
SOSP-5599-80	SFP+ ZR 1550nm EML, $0^{\circ}$ C $\sim$ 70 $^{\circ}$ C, 80Km			

#### Notice

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