

# QSFP Active Optical Cable QSFP-AOC56G-XXX

#### **Features**

- Full duplex 4 channel 850nm parallel active optical cable
- ♦ Transmission data rate up to 14.025Gbit/s per channel
- ♦ SFF-8436 QSFP+ compliant
- ♦ Hot pluggable electrical interface
- Differential AC-coupled high speed data interface
- ♦ 4 channels 850nm VCSEL array
- ♦ 4 channels PIN photo detector array
- ♦ Maximum link length of 100m on OM3 Multimode Fiber (MMF)and 150m on OM4 MMF
- Low power consumption
- Housing isolated from connector ground
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C Industrial: -40 to +85°C

- ♦ 3.3V power supply voltage
- ♦ RoHS 6 compliant

# **Applications**

- InfiniBand FDR
- 16x Fibre Channel
- PCI-e3.0
- Proprietary High Speed Interconnections
- SAS 3.0

# **Description**

QSFP active optic cables are a high performance, low power consumption, long reach interconnect solution supporting InfiniBand FDR/QDR/DDR/SDR,16G/10G/8G/4G/2G fiber channel, PCle and SAS. It is compliant with the QSFP MSA and IEEE P802.3ba 40GBASE-SR4. QSFP AOC is an assembly of 4 full-duplex lanes, where each lane is capable of transmitting data at rates up to 14.025Gb/s, providing an aggregated rate of 56Gb/s.



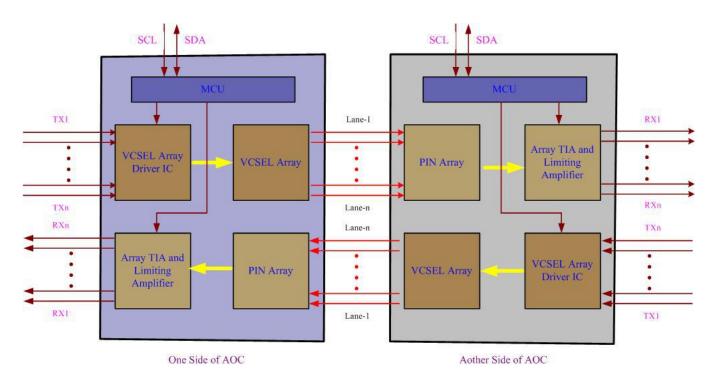


Figure 1. Module Block Diagram

AOC is one kind of parallel transceiver. VCSEL and PIN array package is key technique, through I2C system can contact with module.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	3.6	V
Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V
Storage Temperature	Tst	-20	85	°C
Case Operating Temperature	Тор	0	70	°C
Humidity(non-condensing)	Rh	5	95	%

**Recommended Operating Conditions** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Operating Case temperature	Tca	0		70	°C
Data Rate Per Lane	fd	2.5		14.025	Gbps
Humidity	Rh	5		85	%
Power Dissipation	Pm			1.5	W
Fiber Bend Radius	Rb	3			cm



**Specifications** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Differential input impedance	Zin	90	100	110	ohm
Differential Output impedance	Zout	90	100	110	ohm
Differential input voltage amplitude	ΔVin	300		1100	mVp-p
Differential output voltage amplitude	ΔVout	500		800	mVp-p
Skew	Sw			300	ps
Bit Error Rate	BR			E-12	
Input Logic Level High	VIH	2.0		VCC	V
Input Logic Level Low	VIL	0		0.8	V
Output Logic Level High	VOH	VCC-0.5		VCC	V
Output Logic Level Low	VOL	0		0.4	V

## Note:

- 1. BER=10^-12; PRBS 2^31-1@10.3125Gbps.
- 2. Differential input voltage amplitude is measured between TxNp and TxNn.
- 3. Differential output voltage amplitude is measured between RxNp and RxNn.

# **Optical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes			
Transmitter									
Centre Wavelength	λс	840	850	860	nm	-			
RMS spectral width	Δλ	-	-	0.65	nm	-			
Average launch power, each lane	Pout	-7.5	-	2.5	dBm	-			
Difference in launch power between any two lanes (OMA)				4	dB	-			
Extinction Ratio	ER	3	-	-	dB	-			
Peak power, each lane				4	dBm	-			
ransmitter and dispersion penalty (TDP), each lane	TDP			3.5	dB	-			
Average launch power of OFF transmitter, each lane				-30	dB	-			
Eye Mask coordinates: X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3			CATION VALU 0.43, 0.27, 0.3			Hit Ratio = 5x10-5			
		Receive	•						
Centre Wavelength	λс	840	850	860	nm	-			
Stressed receiver sensitivity in OMA, each lane				-5.4	dBm	1			
Maximum Average power at receiver input, each lane				2.4	dBm	-			
Receiver Reflectance				-12	dB	-			



Peak power, each lane		4	dBm	-
LOS Assert	-30		dBm	-
LOS De-Assert – OMA		-7.5	dBm	-
LOS Hysteresis	0.5		dB	-

# Note:

1. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for BER = 10e-12

# **Pin Descriptions**

	escriptions 		N /D : 1	- C
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1		GND	Module Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter inverted data input	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
4		GND	Module Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter inverted data input	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
7		GND	Module Ground	1
8	LVTTL-I	MODSEIL	Module Select	2
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	2
10		VCCRx	+3.3v Receiver Power Supply	
11	LVCMOS-I	SCL	2-wire Serial interface clock	2
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-wire Serial interface data	2
13		GND	Module Ground	1
14	CML-O	RX3+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
15	CML-O	RX3-	Receiver inverted data output	
16		GND	Module Ground	1
17	CML-O	RX1+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
18	CML-O	RX1-	Receiver inverted data output	
19		GND	Module Ground	1
20		GND	Module Ground	1
21	CML-O	RX2-	Receiver inverted data output	
22	CML-O	RX2+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
23		GND	Module Ground	1
24	CML-O	RX4-	Receiver inverted data output	
25	CML-O	RX4+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
26		GND	Module Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present, internal pulled down to GND	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt output, should be pulled up on host board	2
29		VCCTx	+3.3v Transmitter Power Supply	
30		VCC1	+3.3v Power Supply	
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode	2



32		GND	Module Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter inverted data input	
35		GND	Module Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter inverted data input	
38		GND	Module Ground	1

#### Notes:

- 1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
- 2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k 10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15Vand 3.6V.

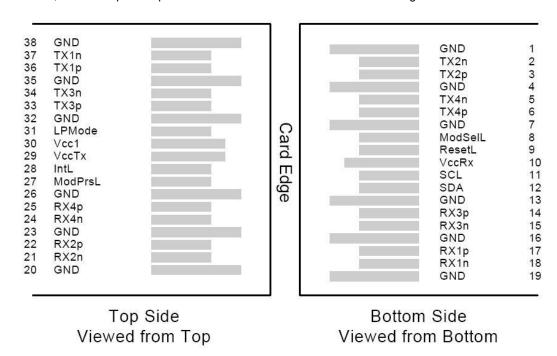


Figure 2. Electrical Pin-out Details

#### ModSelL Pin

The ModSelL is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication

commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP modules on a single 2-wire interface bus. When

the ModSelL is "High", the module will not respond to any 2-wire interface communication from the host. ModSelL has an internal pull-up in the module.

#### ResetL Pin

Reset. LPMode\_Reset has an internal pull-up in the module. A low level on the ResetL pin for longer than the

minimum pulse length (t\_Reset\_init) initiates a complete module reset, returning all user module settings to

their default state. Module Reset Assert Time (t\_init) starts on the rising edge after the low level on the ResetL pin is released. During the execution of a reset (t\_init) the host shall disregard all status bits until the

module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL signal with

the Data Not Ready bit negated. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module will post



this

completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

#### **LPMode Pin**

QSFP AOC operate in the low power mode (less than 1.5 W power consumption)

This pin active high will decrease power consumption to less than 1W.

#### ModPrsL Pin

ModPrsL is pulled up to Vcc on the host board and grounded in the module. The ModPrsL is asserted "Low"

when the module is inserted and deasserted "High" when the module is physically absent from the host connector.

#### IntL Pin

IntL is an output pin. When "Low", it indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the

host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt by using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is

an open collector output and must be pulled up to Vcc on the host board.

## **Power Supply Filtering**

The host board should use the power supply filtering shown in Figure 3.

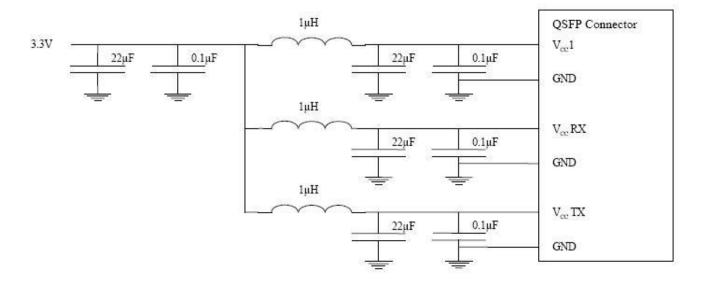


Figure 3. Host Board Power Supply Filtering

## DIAGNOSTIC MONITORING INTERFACE

Digital diagnostics monitoring function is available on QSFP AOCs. A 2-wire serial interface

provides user to contact with module.

The structure of the memory is shown in Figure 4. The memory space is arranged into a lower, single page, address space of 128 bytes and multiple upper address space pages. This structure permits timely access to addresses in the lower page, such as Interrupt Flags and Monitors. Less time critical time entries, such as serial ID information and threshold settings, are available with the Page Select function.

The interface address used is A0xh and is mainly used for time critical data like interrupt handling in



order to enable a one-time-read for all data related to an interrupt situation. After an interrupt, IntL, has been asserted, the host can read out the flag field to determine the affected channel and type of flag.

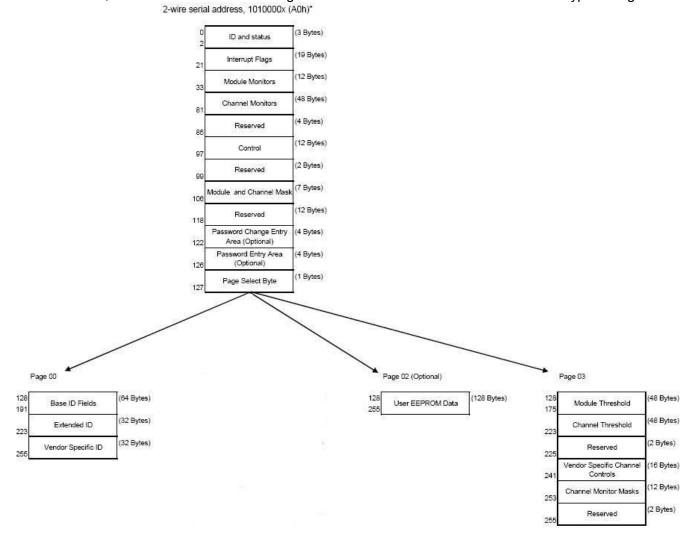


Figure 4. QSFP Memory Map



Byte Address	Description	Туре		
0	Identifier (1 Byte)	Read Only		
1-2	Status (2 Bytes)	Read Only		
3-21	Interrupt Flags (31 Bytes)	Read Only		
22-33	Module Monitors (12 Bytes)	Read Only		
34-81	Channel Monitors (48 Bytes)	Read Only		
82-85	Reserved (4 Bytes)	Read Only		
86-97	Control (12 Bytes)	Read/Write		
98-99	Reserved (2 Bytes)	Read/Write		
100-106	Module and Channel Masks (7 Bytes)	Read/Write		
107-118	Reserved (12 Bytes)	Read/Write		
19-122 Reserved (4 Bytes)		Read/Write		
123-126	Reserved (4 Bytes)	Read/Write		
127	Page Select Byte	Read/Write		

Figure 5. Low Memory Map

Byte Address Description		Туре		
128-175	Module Thresholds (48 Bytes)	Read Only		
176-223	Reserved (48 Bytes)	Read Only		
224-225	Reserved (2 Bytes)	Read Only		
226-239 Reserved (14 Bytes)		Read/Write		
240-241 Channel Controls (2 Bytes)		Read/Write		
242-253 Reserved (12 Bytes)		Read/Write		
254-255 Reserved (2 Bytes)		Read/Write		

Figure 6. Page 03 Memory Map



Address	Name	Description	
128	Identifier (1 Byte)	Identifier Type of serial transceiver	
129	Ext. Identifier (1 Byte)	Extended identifier of serial transceiver	
130	Connector (1 Byte)	Code for connector type	
131-138	Transceiver (8 Bytes)	Code for electronic compatibility or optical compatibility	
139	Encoding (1 Byte)	Code for serial encoding algorithm	
140	BR, nominal (1 Byte)	Nominal bit rate, units of 100 Mbits/s	
141	Extended RateSelect Compliance (1 Byte)	Tags for Extended RateSelect compliance	
142	Length SMF (1 Byte)	Link length supported for SM fiber in km	
143	Length E-50 μm (1 Byte)	Link length supported for EBW 50/125 µm fiber, units of 2 m	
144	Length 50 μm (1 Byte)	Link length supported for 50/125 µm fiber, units of 1 m	
145	Length 62.5 μm (1 Byte)	Link length supported for 62.5/125µm fiber, units of 1 m	
146	Length copper (1 Byte)	Link length supported for copper, units of 1 m	
147	Device Tech (1 Byte)	Device technology	
148-163	Vendor name (16 Bytes)	QSFP vendor name (ASCII)	
164	Extended Transceiver (1 Byte)	Extended Transceiver Codes for InfiniBand <sup>†</sup>	
165-167	Vendor OUI (3 Bytes)	QSFP vendor IEEE vendor company ID	
168-183	Vendor PN (16 Bytes)	Part number provided by QSFP vendor (ASCII)	
184-185	Vendor rev (2 Bytes)	Revision level for part number provided by vendor (ASCII)	
186-187	Wavelength (2 Bytes)	Nominal laser wavelength (Wavelength = value / 20 in nm)	
188-189	Wavelength Tolerance (2 Bytes)	Guaranteed range of laser wavelength (+/- value) from Nominal wavelength (Wavelength Tof. = value / 200 in nm)	
190	Max Case Temp (1 Byte)	Maximum Case Temperature in Degrees C	
191	CC_BASE (1 Byte)	Check code for Base ID fields (addresses 128-190)	
192-195	Options (4 Bytes)	Rate Select, TX Disable, TX Fault, LOS	
196-211	Vendor SN (16 Bytes)	Serial number provided by vendor (ASCII)	
212-219	Date code (8 Bytes)	Vendor's manufacturing date code	
220	Diagnostic Monitoring Type (1 Byte)	Indicates which type of diagnostic monitoring is implemented	
221	Enhanced Options (1 Byte)	Indicates which optional enhanced features are implemented	
222	Reserved (1 Byte)	Reserved	
223	CC_EXT	Check code for the Extended ID Fields (addresses 192-222)	
224-255	Vendor Specific (32 Bytes)	Vendor Specific EEPROM	

Figure 7. Page 00 Memory Map



Page02 is User EEPROM and its format decided by user.

The detail description of low memory and page00.page03 upper memory please see SFF-8436 document.

# **Timing for Soft Control and Status Functions**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Initialization Time	t_init	2000	ms	Time from power on <sup>1</sup> , hot plug or rising edge of Reset until the module is fully functional <sup>2</sup>
Reset Init Assert Time	t_reset_init	2	μs	A Reset is generated by a low level longer than the minimum reset pulse time present on the ResetL pin.
Serial Bus Hardware Ready Time	t_serial	2000	ms	Time from power on <sup>1</sup> until module responds to data transmission over the 2-wire serial bus
Monitor Data Ready Time	t_data	2000	ms	Time from power on <sup>1</sup> to data not ready, bit 0 of Byte 2, deasserted and IntL asserted
Reset Assert Time	t_reset	2000	ms	Time from rising edge on the ResetL pin until the module is fully functional <sup>2</sup>
LPMode Assert Time	ton_LPMode	100	μs	Time from assertion of LPMode (Vin:LPMode = Vih) until module power consumption enters lower Power Level
IntL Assert Time	ton_IntL	200	ms	Time from occurrence of condition triggering IntL until Vout:IntL = Vol
IntL Deassert Time	toff_IntL	500	μs	Time from clear on read <sup>3</sup> operation of associated flag until Vout:IntL = Voh. This includes deassert times for Rx LOS, Tx Fault and other flag bits.
Rx LOS Assert Time	ton_los	100	ms	Time from Rx LOS state to Rx LOS bit set and IntL asserted
Tx Fault Assert Time	ton_Txfault	200	ms	Time from Tx Fault state to Tx Fault bit set and IntL asserted
Flag Assert Time	ton_flag	200	ms	Time from occurrence of condition triggering flag to associated flag bit set and IntL asserted
Mask Assert Time	ton_mask	100	ms	Time from mask bit set <sup>4</sup> until associated IntL assertion is inhibited
Mask Deassert Time	toff_mask	100	ms	Time from mask bit cleared <sup>4</sup> until associated IntlL operation resumes
ModSelL Assert Time	ton_ModSelL	100	μs	Time from assertion of ModSelL until module responds to data transmission over the 2-wire serial bus
ModSelL Deassert Time	toff_ModSelL	100	μs	Time from deassertion of ModSelL until the module does not respond to data transmission over the 2-wire serial bus
Power_over-ride or Power-set Assert Time	ton_Pdown	100	ms	Time from P_Down bit set <sup>4</sup> until module power consumption enters lower Power Level



Power_over-ride or Power-set Deassert Time	toff_Pdown	300	ms	Time from P_Down bit cleared <sup>4</sup> until the module is fully functional3
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#### Note:

- 1. Power on is defined as the instant when supply voltages reach and remain at or above the minimum specified value.
- 2. Fully functional is defined as IntL asserted due to data not ready bit, bit 0 byte 2 deasserted.
- Measured from falling clock edge after stop bit of read transaction.
  Measured from falling clock edge after stop bit of write transaction.

# Figure8. Timing Specifications

# **Mechanical Dimensions**

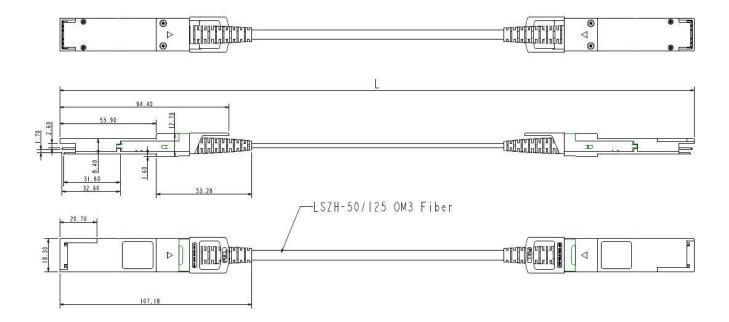


Figure 9. Mechanical Specifications



**Ordering information** 

oracing internation	
Part Number	Product Description
SO QP-AOC56G-XX	XXX=different cable lengths on OM3 Multimode Fiber (MMF)

XX(X)	Cable Length on OM3 Multimode Fiber (MMF)
03	<b>03</b> =3m ; Standard : 0 to +70°C
05	<b>05</b> =5m ; Standard : 0 to +70°C
10	<b>10</b> =10m ; Standard : 0 to +70°C
20	<b>20</b> =20m ; Standard : 0 to +70°C
50	<b>50</b> =50m ; Standard : 0 to +70°C
100	<b>100</b> =100m ; Standard : 0 to +70°C
031	<b>03I</b> =3m; Industrial : -40 to +85°C
051	<b>05I</b> =5m; Industrial : -40 to +85°C
101	<b>10I</b> =10m; Industrial : -40 to +85°C
201	<b>20I</b> =20m; Industrial : -40 to +85°C
501	<b>50I</b> =50m; Industrial : -40 to +85°C
1001	<b>100I</b> =100m; Industrial : -40 to +85°C

### References

- 1. SFF-8436 QSFP+
- 2. Infiniband IB-4x-SX, IB-4x-DDR-SX, IB-4x-QDR-SX,56G-IB-FDR,
- 3. Ethernet 40GBASE-SR4

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